

## CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method for measuring and analyzing data contained within pulses of an analog electronic signal derived from optical measurements in a flow cytometer, the electronic signal comprising a first data channel, the method characterized by comprising the steps of:
  - (a) removing a DC offset from the signal with a base line restoration circuit;
  - (b) transforming the signal with a logarithmic amplifier;
  - (c) sampling the transformed signal with an analog-to-digital converter so as to produce a digital signal; and
  - (d) analyzing the digital signal with an electronic processor.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein the processor performs peak sample and hold analysis upon the digital signal.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein the processor further analyzes a second digital signal comprising a second data channel of the flow cytometer.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein the DC offset is locked during pulses of the electronic signal.
5. The method of claim 1, characterized by comprising the further step, between the transforming step (b) and the sampling step (c) of calibrating a gain of the transformed signal.
6. The method of claim 1, characterized by comprising the further steps of:
  - (e) controlling a digital-to-analog converter based upon the signal analysis performed by the processor; and
  - (f) inputting a DC voltage from the digital-to-analog converter to the base line restoration circuit.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein the processor calibrates for errors in the transformed signal output of the logarithmic amplifier.
8. The method of claim 7, wherein the calibration is performed by means of a  
5       lookup table for correcting output values of the analog-to-digital converter.
9. The method of claim 1, wherein the analog-to-digital converter samples at a lower bit resolution than is required to analyze the signal prior to the transforming step (b).  
10
10. An system for measuring and analyzing data contained within pulses of an electronic signal derived from optical measurements in a flow cytometer, the electronic signal comprising a first data channel, the system characterized by comprising:  
15       a base line restoration circuit receiving and removing a DC offset from the electronic signal;  
          a logarithmic amplifier receiving the signal from the base line restoration circuit and transforming the signal;  
          an analog-to-digital converter receiving the transformed signal from the  
20       logarithmic amplifier and producing a digital signal; and  
          an electronic processor receiving the digital output from the analog-to-digital converter.
11. The system of claim 10, wherein the processor performs peak sample and hold  
25       analysis upon the digital signal.
12. The system of claim 10, wherein the processor further analyzes a second digital signal comprising a second data channel of the flow cytometer.
- 30       13. The system of claim 10, wherein the DC offset is locked during pulses.

14. The system of claim 10, wherein a gain of the transformed signal is calibrated.

15. The system of claim 10, characterized by further comprising:

5 a digital-to-analog converter receiving a digital signal from the processor and providing a DC voltage to the base line restoration circuit.

16. The system of claim 10, wherein the processor calibrates for errors in the transformed signal output of the logarithmic amplifier.

10 17. The system of claim 16, wherein the calibration is performed by means of a lookup table for correcting output values of the analog-to-digital converter.

15 18. The system of claim 10, wherein the analog-to-digital converter samples at a lower bit resolution than is required to analyze the signal prior to its being input to the logarithmic amplifier.